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come, and extensions of the service relief could be made as the necessity therefor arises.

Respectfully submitted.

D. A. CARMICHAEL,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

JAPAN.

Sanitary report from Yokohama.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, *November 5, 1898.*

SIR: Regretting my inability to forward my regular report of infectious diseases in Japan by this mail, I have the honor, nevertheless, to inform you that, with the exception of the continued presence of epidemic dysentery, the sanitary situation throughout the entire country is very satisfactory.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

STUART ELDRIDGE, M. D.,
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MEXICO.

Case of yellow fever in the city of Mexico.

LEGATION OF MEXICO,
Washington, D. C., November 28, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that in a communication which I have just received from Mr. Mariscal, minister of foreign relations of the United States of Mexico, that officer instructs me, at the request of the superior board of health of my country, to apprise you that, during the week from the 10th to the 16th ultimo, a case of death from yellow fever occurred in the capital of the United States of Mexico, and also to apprise you that the cases of yellow fever which are reported in the city of Mexico are those of persons who have contracted the disease in some other place, in which it is endemic or epidemic, and that there can be no spread of the disease in that city, it being an amply demonstrated fact that at a height of more than a thousand meters above the sea level the yellow fever can not be propagated.

I renew to you, Mr. Secretary, the assurances of my highest and most distinguished consideration.

JOSÉ F. GODOY.

Hon. SECRETARY OF STATE.

FOREIGN STATISTICAL REPORTS.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Sydney.*—Month of September, 1898. Estimated population, 417,250. Total number of deaths, 576, including diphtheria, 5; enteric fever, 2; measles, 66; scarlet fever, 2, and 19 from whooping cough.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town.*—Two weeks ended October 28, 1898. Estimated population, 1,472. Total number of deaths, 2. No contagious diseases reported.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended November 7. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended November 3. Estimated population, 3,900. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended November 12. Estimated population, 11,000. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

FRANCE—*Rouen.*—Month of October, 1898. Estimated population, 112,657. Total number of deaths, 235, including enteric fever, 4; measles, 1; whooping cough, 2, and 39 from phthisis pulmonalis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales.*—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended November 12 correspond to an annual rate of 17.2 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,218,378. The highest rate was recorded in Preston, viz, 23.3, and the lowest in Croydon, viz, 11.3.

London.—One thousand four hundred and six deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 19; scarlet fever, 17; diphtheria, 31; whooping cough, 13; enteric fever, 27, and diarrhea and dysentery, 17. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.3 a thousand. In greater London 1,831 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 14.9 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 11 from diphtheria, 4 from measles, 3 from scarlet fever, and 7 from whooping cough.

IRELAND.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended November 12 in the 23 principal town districts of Ireland was 24.7 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,007,798. The lowest rate was recorded in Lurgan and Carrickfergus, viz, 0.0, and the highest in Clonmel, viz, 43.8 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 166 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 5; scarlet fever, 3, and whooping cough, 4.

SCOTLAND.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended November 12 correspond to an annual rate of 19.4 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,568,536. The lowest mortality was recorded in Greenock, viz, 14.5, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 23.7 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 584, including diphtheria, 11; measles, 11; scarlet fever 9, and whooping cough, 11.

MALTA.—Two weeks ended October 15, 1898. Estimated population, 177,745. Total number of deaths, 194, including 6 from enteric fever.

NORFOLK ISLAND.—Month of September, 1898. Estimated population, 876. One death. No contagious diseases.

RUSSIA—*Riga.*—Month of August, 1898. Estimated population, 282,000. Total number of deaths, 561, including diphtheria, 7; measles, 1; scarlet fever, 7; whooping cough, 11, and 47 from phthisis pulmonalis.

WEST INDIES—*St. Thomas.*—Third quarter, 1898. Estimated population, 12,000. Total number of deaths, 206. No contagious diseases.